

*[Authorizes entity that owns, occupies or controls public building to adopt ordinance, rule or policy limiting or precluding affirmative defense for possession of firearms in public buildings by concealed handgun licensees. Provides that ordinance, rule or policy may not affect possession of firearms in parking area or parking garage.]*

*[Modifies definition of "public building," for purposes of crime of possession of weapon in public building, to include certain airport areas, buildings owned, occupied or controlled by specified public bodies and real property owned by college or university. Defines "state building" and removes affirmative defense for possession of firearm in state building by concealed handgun licensee. Provides that prohibition of firearms in public buildings does not apply to person who possesses unloaded firearm in airport in locked container for transportation in accordance with federal law. Punishes violation by maximum of five years' imprisonment, \$125,000 fine, or both.]*

**Requires person to secure firearm with trigger or cable lock, in locked container or in gun room except in specified circumstances. Punishes violation by maximum of \$500 fine. Punishes violation by maximum of \$2,000 fine if minor obtains unsecured firearm as result of violation. Provides that failure to secure firearm as required constitutes negligence per se. Specifies exceptions.**

**Requires owner or possessor of firearm to secure firearm with trigger or cable lock or in locked container when transferring firearm under circumstances requiring criminal background check. Punishes violation by maximum of \$500 fine. Provides that transfer of unsecured firearm constitutes negligence per se. Specifies exceptions.**

**Requires person to report loss or theft of firearm within 72 hours of time person knew or reasonably should have known of loss or theft. Provides that failure to report lost or stolen firearm constitutes negligence per se. Punishes violation of requirement by maximum of \$1,000 fine.**

**Requires person transferring firearm to minor to directly supervise minor's use of firearm. Provides that failure to supervise minor constitutes negligence per se. Authorizes person to transfer supervisory duty to another person. Specifies exceptions.**

**Authorizes board of public university, Oregon Health and Science University, community college or school district to adopt policy providing that affirmative defense for concealed handgun licensees possessing firearms on school grounds does not apply. Provides that in prosecution for possession of firearm on school grounds subject to policy, within Capitol, or within passenger terminal of certain airports, concealed handgun licensee affirmative defense is not complete defense but results in Class A misdemeanor conviction punishable by 364 days' imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both. Modifies definition of "public building," for purposes of crime of possession of weapon in public building, to include passenger terminal of certain airports. Creates affirmative defense to crime for persons who possess unloaded firearm in passenger terminal in locked container for transportation in accordance with federal law.**

Increases fees payable to county sheriff for issuance and renewal of concealed handgun license.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

**This petition seeks to refer Senate Bill 554 (2021). A full and correct copy of the bill must be provided with this e-sheet.**

#### Chief Petitioners

Mike Nearman	E. Werner Reschke	David Brock Smith
2570 Greenwood Road S.	22157 Drazil Road	2858 Port Orford LP Road
Independence, OR 97351	Malin, OR 97632	Port Orford, OR 97465

#### Instructions for Circulators

- 1 Only active Oregon voters may sign a petition. Ask each signer if they are an active registered voter in Oregon.
- 2 A single circulator must personally witness all signatures collected on any one signature sheet. After witnessing each signature on a sheet, use a pen to sign and date the circulator certification.
- 3 Initial any changes you make to the date you signed the certification. A complete list of allowable circulator certification corrections is provided in the Circulator Training Manual available at [www.oregonvotes.gov](http://www.oregonvotes.gov).
- 4 **It is against the law for circulators to:**
  - Circulate a petition containing a false signature.
  - Make false statements to any person who signs the petition or requests information about it.
  - Attempt to obtain the signature of a person who is not qualified to sign the petition.
  - Offer money or anything of value to another person to sign or not sign the petition.
  - Sell or offer to sell signature sheets.
  - Write, alter, correct, clarify or obscure any information about the signers unless the signer is disabled and requests assistance or the signer initials after the changes are made.
  - Accept compensation to circulate a petition that is based on the number of signatures obtained.

**! Warning** Violations of the circulator requirements may result in conviction of a felony with a fine of up to \$125,000 and/or prison for up to 5 years.

#### Instructions for Signers

- 1 Only active Oregon voters may sign a petition. Use a pen to sign your name, as you did when you registered to vote.
- 2 Provide the date you signed the petition, your printed name and residence address. Only you may complete this optional information.
- 3 Initial any changes the circulator makes to your printed name, residence address or date you signed the petition.
- 4 **It is against the law for signers to:**
  - Sign another person's name under any circumstances.
  - Sign a petition more than one time.
  - Sign a petition when you are not qualified to sign it.